Quick Data		Index	
engine oil capacity (without filter) 3.2 I drain plug 25 N Diesel engine oil capacity (with filter) 4.2 I engine oil capacity (without filter) 3.7 I	JS qt (3.5 ltr) JS qt (3.0 ltr) Im (18 ft lb) JS qt (4.0 ltr) JS qt (3.5 ltr) Im (14 ft lb)	Air-cooled —Assembly 17.2 —Oil cooler 17.2 checking 17.3 —Oil pressure switch 17.2 checking 17.3 removing 17.3 —Oil pump 17.2 removing 17.3	Water-cooled /Syncro Assembly 17.7 Heating pipe, crankcase breather 17.9 Oil pressure switch 17.9 Oil pump 17.9
engine oil capacity (without filter) 4.2	US qt (4.5 ltr) US qt (4.0 ltr) Nm (18 ft lb)	Diesel —Assembly —Oil filter 17.4, 17.5 —Oil cooler 17.4 checking 17.5 —Oil pan 17.4, 17.6 —Oil pump 17.4, 17.5 —Oil pressure switch 17.4, 17.6	



17-064

17.2 Oil pump Oil pressure switch Oil cooler

Air cooled-AFC



Fig. 1 Oil pump housing, removing



Fig. 4 Oil pressure switch, removing/installing



Fig. 2 Oil pump insert, removing



Fig. 3 Oil cooler, checking for leaks

• test pressure max. 5.9 bar (85 psi)



Fig. 5 Oil pressure/switch, checking

- engine oil temperature should be 80°C (176°F)
- install oil pressure gauge/adapter in place of oil pressure switch
- install switch in gauge
- connect wire 1 to oil pressure switch and to wire from oil pressure warning light
- connect wire 2 to ground
- turn ignition ON
- oil pressure warning light must light up
 - if NO, switch is defective
- start engine
 - oil pressure warning light must go out at oil pressure of 0.15-0.45 bar (2-6.5 psi)
- Increase engine speed
 - at 2000 rpm, pressure should be min. 2.0 bar (29 psi)

Air cooled-AFC





Fig. 1 Oil filter, removing/installing - loosen with US 4474



Fig. 2 Oil cooler, checking

If oil contamination is found in the cooling system, one possible source of leakage is the oil cooler.

- remove oil cooler from vehicle
- plug one hose fitting and pressurize remaining fitting with air
- submerge cooler in water and check for air bubbles which indicate a leak in cooler
- if leaking is noticed, replace cooler

Note

Always use a new seal coated with clean engine oil when reinstalling oil cooler.

 clean cooling system thoroughly (use Prestone Super Flush AS - 107 or equivalent)

CAUTION

Oil contamination of coolant may have deteriorated coolant hoses. Inspect and replace hoses depending on condition and/or length of time oil has been in cooling system.

CAUTION

Do not loosen oil cooler when removing oil filter

> when installing, hand tighten according to instructions on filter element or carton



Fig. 3 Oil pump backlash, checking

- new: 0.05 mm (0.002 in.)
- wear limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in.)





Diesel

Oil filter Oil pump Oil cooler, checking

17.5



Fig. 5 Oil pressure switch, checking

- -remove oil pressure switch and insert into tester
- -connect tester into cylinder head in place of switch
- —connect test wire 1 (blue) of tester to oil pressure switch and wire 3 from oil pressure switch
- -connect test wire 2 (brown) to ground
- -turn ignition **ON**, oil warning light must light (assuming bulb and wire are OK)
- if NO, switch is defective
 start engine and increase speed slowly. At oil pressure of 0.15-0.45 bar (2-6 psi) oil pressure warning light must go out
 if NO, switch is defective
- increase speed further. At 2000 rpm and oil temperature of 80°C (176°F) minimum oil pressure must be 2.0 bar (28 ft lb)



Fig. 6 Oil pan, installing (engine installed)

 align oil pan to engine block with straightedge (arrows)

-tighten bolts

(engine removed)

- start all bolts including those in clutch housing
- —press oil pan by hand against clutch housing so that there is no gap between oil pan and clutch housing
- -lightly tighten all bolts
- -fully tighten all bolts
- M6 to 10 Nm (7 ft lb)
- M10 to 45 Nm (33 ft lb)

CAUTION

Oil pan must be flush with end face of engine block. If it protrudes or there is a gap, clutch housing will be stressed and could break

17.6 Oil pressure/Switch Oil pan

Diesel

Note

Always replace all gaskets and sealing rings.



Observe installation instructions on filter

17-449

17.7

Water-cooled

Oil pump Oil pressure switch Oil filter Oil cooler - from 1986





Oil viscosity grades

A - single weight oils

B - Multigrade oils

17.8

Only use oils marked 'SF' under API system.

Oil viscosity Oil cooler

Water-cooled - from 1986



Fig. 1 Oll pump housing, removing



Fig. 2 Oil pump end play, checking

• max. 0.1 mm (0.004 in.)



Fig. 3 Checking heating pipe for crankcase breather

- $A = \text{resistance 4-17 ohms} @ 25^{\circ}C (77^{\circ}F)$
- \mathbf{B} = approx. 12V, with ignition on



Fig. 4 Oil pressure/switch, checking

- engine oil temperature should be 80 °C (176 °F)
- remove oil pressure switch and install in gauge
- install oil pressure gauge/adapter in place of oil pressure switch
- connect wire 1 (blue) of gauge to oil pressure switch and wire of oil pressure warning light 3 as shown
- connect wire 2 (brown) to ground
- turn ignition ON
 - oil pressure warning light must light up
 - if NO, switch is defective, replace switch
- start engine
 - oil pressure warning light must go out at an oil pressure of 0.15-0.45 bar (2-6.5 psi)
- increase engine speed
 - at 2000 rpm, pressure should be minimum 2.0 bar (29 psi)

H-10

Water-cooled

Oil pump Oil pump end play Oil pressure/switch

17.9

Oil pressure switch, checking

0.9 bar (13.1 psi) switch, near oil pump

Work procedure

 push back exhaust cover plate (mounting screw under oil pump) with screw driver
 remove 0.9 bar (13.1 psi)



- screw oil pressure switch into tester VW1342
- connect wire 1 (blue)
- screw tester into crankcase in place of oil pressure switch
- connect test lamp 2 to wire 1 and alternator positive connection
- ground wire 3 (brown)
- start engine, slowly raise RPM
- at tester reading 0.75-1.05 bar (10.9-14.8 psi) test lamp must **light up**
 - replace oil pressure switch if tester does not light

Note

17.10

As necessary, check switching point of oil pressure switch at starting RPM

0.3 bar (4.4 psi) oil pressure switch

Note

Tester connections are identical to 0.9 (13.1 psi) switch

0.3 bar (4.4 psi) oil pressure switch located between left side push rod tubes



- disconnect connector 1
- connect test lamp to wire 2 of 0.3 bar (4.4 psi) oil pressure switch and to alternator positive
- test lamp **must** light up
- start engine, raise RPM

When pressure goes to 0.15-0.45 bar (2.2-6.5 psi) test lamp must go **out.**

If not, replace oil pressure switch

- raise RPM

 at oil temperature of 80°C (176°F) and RPM of 2000, oil pressure should be 2.0 bar (29 psi)

Oil pressure switch, checking

Water-cooled from 1986